Network Data Capture in Honeynets

Berkeley Packet Capture (BPF) and Related Technologies : An Introduction

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Promiscuous mode

Where can we capture the network data? a layered approach

- A network card can work in two modes, in non-promiscuous mode or in promiscuous mode:
 - In non-promiscuous mode, the network card only accept the frame targeted with is own MAC or broadcasted.
 - In promiscuous mode, the network card accept all the frame from the wire. This permits to capture every packets.

ifconfig eth0 promisc

 Other approaches possible to capture data (Bridge interception, dup-to of a packet filtering, ...)

A side note regarding wireless network, promiscuous mode is only capturing packet for the associated AP. You'll need the monitor mode, to get capturing everything without being associated to an AP or in ad-hoc mode.

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BPF History

How to get the data from the data link layers?

- BPF (Berkeley Packet Filter) sits between link-level driver and the user space. BPF is protocol independant and use a filter-before-buffering approach. (NIT on SunOS is using the opposite approach).
- BPF includes a machine abstraction to make the filtering (quite) efficient.
- BPF was part of the BSD4.4 but libpcap provide a portable BPF for various operating systems.
- The main application using libpcap (BPF) is tcpdump. Alternative exists to libpcap from wiretap library or Fairly Fast Packet Filter.

Network data capture is a key component of a honeynet design.

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BPF - Filter Syntax

• How to filter specific host :

```
host myhostname
dst host myhostname
src host myhostname
```

How to filter specific ports :

```
port 111
dst port 111
src port 111
```

```
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BPF - Filter Syntax

How to filter specific net :

```
net 192.168
dst net 192.168
src host 192.168
```

How to filter protocols :

```
ip proto \tcp
ether proto \ip
```

```
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BPF - Filter Syntax

Combining expression :

```
&& -> concatenation
not -> negation
|| -> alternation (or)
```

Offset notation :

```
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BPF - Filter Syntax

• Offset notation and matching notation (what's the diff?):

```
ip[22:2]=80
tcp[2:2]=80
ip[22:2]=0x80
tcp[2:2]=0x80
```

```
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BPF - Filter Syntax

• Using masks to access "bits" expressed information like TCP flags:

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BPF - Filter Syntax

- If you don't want to match every bits, you have some variations.
- Matching only some bits that are set :

• If you want to match the exact value without the mask :

$$tcp[12] = 1$$

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BPF - Filter Syntax

• Using masks to access "bits" expressed information like IP version:

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BPF - Filter Syntax on Payload

- Matching content with a bpf filter. bpf matching is only possible on 1,2 or 4 bytes. If you want to match larger segment, you'll need to combine filter with &&.
- An example, you want to match "GE" string in a TCP payload:
 echo -n "GE" | hexdump -C
 000000000 47 45 | GE|
 sudo tcpdump -s0 -n -i ath0 "tcp[20:2] = 0x4745"

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Libpcap - a very quick introduction

struct bpf_program *fp)

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Libpcap libraries

You don't like C and want to code fast for the workshop... Here is a non-exhaustive list of libcap (and related) binding for other languages :

- Net::Pcap Perl binding
- pcap ruby Ruby binding with a nice OO interface
- pylibpcap Python binding
- MLpcap ocaml binding ;-)
- ...

Libpcap tools

- tcpdump, tcpslice
- ngrep (you can pass regex search instead of offset search)
- Ethereal/tEthereal
- tcpdstat
- tcptrace
- ipsumdump

Digging in a real capture

The common capture that will be used in this workshop: SHA1 - 9e2107c7d481a1a694b2c8692b99de0022ef40cd capture.cap more than 500 MB of Data...

- Where to start? Focus on little events? big events?
- How to cut the capture? Slicing by date? by size?
- You can use any of the tools proposed but ...
- ... you can build your own tools to ease your work.
- Time reference is a critical part in forensic analysis.
- Be imaginative.

Q and A

- Thanks for listening.
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